

Background

- APESB was established in February 2006 as an initiative of the ICAA and CPA Australia to develop professional and ethical standards for the accounting profession in Australia.
- > NIA became a Member in late 2006.
- Members of the three accounting bodies are required to comply with APES Standards and subject to disciplinary procedures of the relevant body.
- > The former Forensic Accounting Standards were APS 11 & GN 2
- > APES 215 includes mandatory requirements and guidance
- Extension of scope for Members in Business
- > APESB Taskforce Aug 07 to Dec 08

Structure of APESB Pronouncements

Conceptual Framework

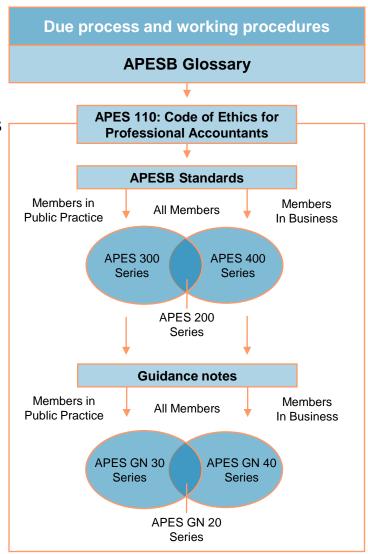
- Principles based
- Mandatory for professional accountants

Standards

- Introduces principles
- Mandatory requirements in black letter
- Guidance and/or explanation in grey letter

Guidance notes

- Do not introduce new principles
- Guidance on a specific matter on which the Principles are already stated in a Standard
- Guidance is only in grey letter



APES 215 Forensic Accounting Services

Structure

- > Scope and application
- > Key definitions
- > Fundamental responsibilities of Members
- > Professional Engagement and other matters
- > Expert Witness Services (EWS)
- > False or misleading information and changes in opinion
- > Quality control
- > Professional fees
- > Use of the terms "facts", "assumptions" and "opinions"

Scope and Application

- > Operative on or after 1 July 2009
- > Engagement → Members in Public Practice
- > Assignment → Members in Business
- Where a Professional Service later becomes a FAS then APES 215 applies (Para 1.5)
- Where a FAS other than EWS, later becomes a EWS then section 5 of APES 215 applies (Para 1.6)

Key Definitions

- > Forensic Accounting Services:
 - Expert Witness Services;
 - Lay Witness Services;
 - Consulting Expert Services; and
 - Investigation Services
- > Court
- > Expert Witness
- > Lay Witness
- > Consulting Expert
- > Professional Services
- > Proceedings
- > Contingent Fees
- > Report

Fundamental Responsibilities of Members

- > Public Interest
 - Comply with S. 100 Introduction and Fundamental Principles, S. 110 Integrity and S. 120 Objectivity of the Code
 - Members in Public Practice shall comply with S. 220 Conflicts of Interest and S.280 Objectivity of the Code
- If it is an Assurance Engagement comply with S. 290 Independence of the Code
- > Disclose matters to the Court to assess the degree of independence
- Comply with S.130 Professional Competence and Due Care and S. 330 Acting with Sufficient Expertise of the Code
- > Comply with S. 140 *Confidentiality* of the Code
- > Laws of natural justice

Professional Engagements and other matters

- > A Member in Public Practice shall comply with:
 - APES 305 document and communicate the Terms of Engagement
 - S. 210 Professional Appointment of the Code

Expert Witness Services

- > Evaluation of prior and/or existing relationships
 - Member in Public Practice (para 3.8 and 5.1)
 - Member in Business (para 5.2)
 - Member in Business who is employed by a government agency (para 5.3)
- > A Member's obligations as an Expert Witness (para 5.4)
- > The Report of an Expert Witness (para 5.6)
 - Relationships with any parties to the Proceedings
 - Reliance on work of others
 - Significant assumptions
 - Explanation why a significant assumption is likely to be misleading (if any)
- > A Member to consider whether APES 225 Valuation Services is applicable to the Expert Witness Service (para 5.7)

False or misleading information and changes in opinion

- > Shall not knowingly or recklessly make false or misleading statements
- > A Member subsequently becoming aware that information is false or misleading
 - Promptly inform the legal representative of the Client, Employer or the Court as appropriate
 - Consider issuing a supplementary report

Quality Control

- > Member in Public Practice shall comply with APES 320 Quality Control for Firms
- Member in Business utilise a system of quality control
- > Proper documentation of working papers
- > Maintain chain of custody

Professional Fees

> A Member in Public Practice

- Fees will be computed in accordance with S. 240 Fees and other Types of Remuneration of the Code
- Not enter into a Contingent Fee arrangement for an Expert Witness Service or Engagements that require Independence

Member in Business

Not receive contingent remuneration for an Expert Witness Service

Use of the terms "facts", "assumptions" and "opinions"

- > Examples are provided to assist Members determine whether a matter is a fact, an assumption or an opinion.
- > Judged based on the particular facts and circumstances
- > Fact Expert Witness has applied specialised knowledge but has not applied any significant degree of judgment
- > Assumption ordinary meaning
- Opinion Expert Witness applies a significant degree of expert judgment and draws an inference

For information on the Code of Ethics and professional standards visit

www.apesb.org.au